80th Infantry Division in World War I

The 80th Infantry Division was established at Camp Lee, Virginia, in August 1917 with men from Virginia, West Virginia, and Pennsylvania.

80th Infantry Division

159th Infantry Brigade
317th Infantry Regiment
318th Infantry Regiment
313th Machinegun Battalion
313th Machinegun Battalion
Tidewater Virginians

MajGen Adelbert Cronkhite

BGen George H. Jamerson "By Arms and By Courage" "Old Virginia Never Tires"

160th Infantry Brigade

319th Infantry Regiment
320th Infantry Regiment
315th Machinegun Battalion
Allegheny Pennsylvanians
Pittsburgh Pennsylvanians
Eric Pennsylvanians

BGen Lloyd M. Brett "Willing and Able" "Forward"

155th Field Artillery Brigade

313th Field Artillery Regiment 314th Field Artillery Regiment 315th Field Artillery Regiment BGen Gordon G. Heiner

12 - 6in Mortars

West Virginians 24 – 75mm Guns West Virginians 24 – 75mm Guns West Virginians 24 – 155mm Guns

305th Trench Mortar Battery Southern West Virginians

314th Machinegun Battalion 305th Engineer Regiment Erie Pennsylvanians Pittsburgh Pennsylvanians

305th Field Signal Battalion

305th Train Headquarters and 80th MP Company

305th Ammunition Train

305th Supply Train

305th Engineer Train

305th Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop

305th Sanitary Train

317th, 318th, 319th, 320th Ambulance Companies and Field Hospitals Medical Support Unit and Mobile Laboratory

In May of 1918, the division embarked aboard ships bound for France. Arriving by June 9, the division was moved by train to Calais and attached to the British Army. All four infantry regiments participated with the British in the Somme Offensive during August 1918.

At the end of August, the division moved by train through **Paris** to the U.S. sector at **St. Mihiel**. During the *St. Mihiel Offensive* of September 1918, the **80th Division** served as the First Army Reserve.

On September 26, 1918, the allies launched the *Meuse-Argonne Offensive*. For seventeen days, the **80th Division** attacked north along the Meuse River. On October 9th, the division penetrated the Hindenburg Line. The division was headquartered at **Bethincourt** from October 1-12.



Division Insignia. The 80th "Blue Ridge" Division shoulder patch shows three mountains of the Blue Ridge, one peak for each state that furnished soldiers to the division: Virginia, West Virginia, and Pennsylvania. The division memorial was dedicated in 1927 in Nantillois, France.

The general offensive resumed on November 1, 1918. The 80th Division captured Sivry-les-Buzancy on the 2nd, Vaux-en-Dieulet and Sommauthe on the 4th, and La Thibaudine Farm on the 5th. On 6 November, the 80th Division occupied La Harnoterie Farm.

On November 11, 1918, the armistice was announced, ending the war. The **80th Division** had spent 47 days in combat, captured 1813 German prisoners, and suffered 1241 killed and 4788 wounded. 619 **80th Division** soldiers were decorated. After the 1st and 2nd regular divisions, the **80th Division** was recognized as the leading National Army Division for number of days in combat and honors earned.